

Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

Installation and maintenance

Three-phase 12-wire Dedicated single-phase 4-wire





Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

This manual concerns the alternator which you have just purchased. We wish to draw your attention to the contents of this maintenance manual.

SAFETY MEASURES

Before using your machine for the first time, it is important to read the whole of this installation and maintenance manual.

All necessary operations and interventions on this machine must be performed by a qualified technician.

Our technical support service will be pleased to provide any additional information you may require.

The various operations described in this manual are accompanied by recommendations or symbols to alert the user to potential risks of accidents. It is vital that you understand and take notice of the following warning symbols.

(WARNING)

Warning symbol for an operation capable of damaging or destroying the machine or surrounding equipment.



Warning symbol for general danger to personnel.



Warning symbol for electrical danger to personnel.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

2

We wish to draw your attention to the following 2 safety measures which must be complied with:

- a) During operation, do not allow anyone to stand in front of the air outlet guards, in case anything is ejected from them.
- b) Do not allow children younger than 14 to go near the air outlet guards.

A set of self-adhesive stickers depicting the various warning symbols is included with this maintenance manual. They should be positioned as shown in the drawing below once the machine has been fully installed.

WARNING

The alternators must not be put into service until the machines in which they are to be incorporated have been declared compliant with Directives EC and plus any other directives that may be applicable.

This manual is to be given to the end user.

The range of electric alternators and their derivatives, manufactured by us or on our behalf, comply with the technical requirements of the customs Union directives (EAC).

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Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

CONTENTS

1 - RECEIPT	4
1.1 - Standards and safety measures	4
1.2 - Inspection	
1.3 - Identification	4
1.4 - Storage	4
1.5 - Applications	4
1.6 - Usage restrictions	4
2 - TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS	5
2.1 - Electrical characteristics	5
2.2 - Mechanical characteristics	5
3 - INSTALLATION	7
3.1 - Assembly	7
3.2 - Checks prior to first use	8
3.3 - Terminal connection diagrams	8
3.4 - Commissioning	11
3.5 - Setting up	11
4 - SERVICING - MAINTENANCE	12
4.1 - Safety measures	12
4.2 - Routine maintenance	12
4.3 - Bearings	13
4.4 - Mechanical defects	13
4.5 - Electrical faults	14
4.6 - Dismantling, reassembly	16
4.7 - Table of characteristics	18
5 - SPARE PARTS	20
5.1 - First maintenance parts	20
5.2 - Technical support service	
5.3 - Exploded views, parts list and tightening torque	21

Disposal and recycling instructions

Declaration of EC compliance and incorporation

Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

1 - RECEIPT

1.1 - Standards and safety measures

Our alternators comply with most international standards.

See the EC Declaration of Incorporation on the last page.

1.2 - Inspection

On receipt of your alternator, check that it has not suffered any damage in transit. If there are obvious signs of knocks, contact the transporter (you may be able to claim on their insurance) and after a visual check, turn the machine by hand to detect any malfunction.

1.3 - Identification

The alternator is identified by means of a nameplate fixed on the machine (see drawing).

Make sure that the nameplate on the machine conforms to your order.

So that you can identify your alternator quickly and accurately, we suggest you fill in its specifications on the nameplate below.

1.4 - Storage

Prior to commissioning, machines should be stored:

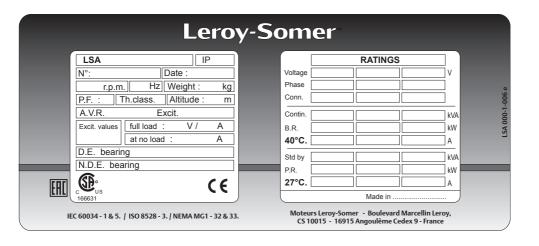
- away from humidity (< 90%); after a long period of storage, check the machine insulation. To prevent the bearings from becoming marked, do not store in an environment with significant vibration.

1.5 - Application

These alternators are mainly designed to produce electricity in the context of applications involving the use of generators.

1.6 - Usage restrictions

Use of the machine is restricted to operating conditions (environment, speed, voltage, power, etc) compatible with the characteristics indicated on the nameplate.



Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

2 - TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2.1 - Electrical characteristics

This alternator is generator without sliprings and revolving field brushes, wound as "2/3 pitch"; 4 or 12-wire, with class H insulation and a field excitation system available in either SHUNT or AREP version.

In order to conform to standard EN 61000-6-3, EN 61000-6-2, EN 55011, the R 791 interference suppression kit is needed.

Electrical options

- Stator temperature detection probes
- Space heaters

2.2 - Mechanical characteristics

- Steel frame
- End shields in cast iron
- Greasable ball bearings
- Mounting arrangement: single bearing with standard feet and SAE flanges/coupling discs, two-bearing with SAE flange and standard cylindrical shaft extension.
- Drip-proof machine, self-cooled

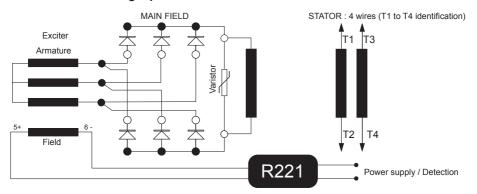
Mechanical options

- Direct power output by (non reconnectable) cables, regulator fitted outside the alternator.
- Protection against harsh environmentsh.
- Air input filter, air output labyrinth cowling.

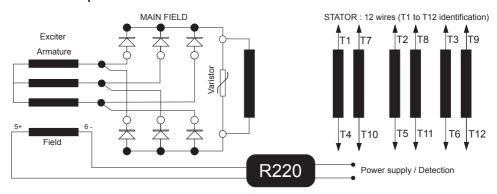
Alternators fitted with air inlet filters should be derated by 5% (power).

To prevent excessive temperature rise caused by clogged filters, it is advisable to fit the stator winding with thermal sensors (PTC).

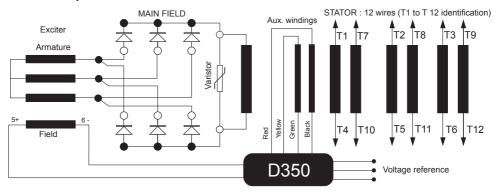
SHUNT dedicated single-phase 4-wire



• SHUNT three-phase 12-wire



AREP three-phase 12-wire



Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

3 - INSTALLATION

Personnel undertaking the various operations indicated in this section must wear personal protective equipment appropriate for mechanical and electrical hazards.

3.1 - Assembly

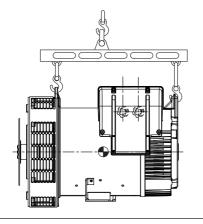


All mechanical handling operations must be undertaken using suitable equipment and the machine must be horizontal. Check how much the machine weighs before choosing the lifting tool. During this operation, do not allow anyone to stand under the load.

Handling

The generously-sized lifting eyes are for handling the alternator only. They must not be used to lift the genset. The choice of lifting hooks or handles should be determined by the shape of the lifting eyes. Choose a lifting system which respects the integrity and the environment of the machine.

During this operation, do not allow anyone to stand under the load.





WARNING

After handling the machine using the lifting ring, snap on the plastic cover provided in the maintenance manual wallet.

Single-bearing coupling

Before coupling, check the compatibility between the alternator and the engine by performing:

- undertaking a torsional analysis of the transmission (alternators data are available on request),
- checking the dimensions of the flywheel and its housing, the flange, coupling discs and offset.

WARNING

When coupling the alternator to the prime mover, do not use the fan to turn the alternator or rotor.

The holes of the coupling discs should be aligned with the flywheel holes by cranking the engine.

Make sure the machine is securely bedded in position during coupling.

Check that there is lateral play on the crankshaft.

Double-bearing coupling

- Semi-flexible coupling

Careful alignment of the machines is recommended, checking that the lack of concentricity and parallelism of both parts of the coupling do not exceed 0.1 mm.

This alternator has been balanced with a 1/2 key.

Location

The room where the alternator is placed must be ventilated to ensure that the ambient temperature cannot exceed the data on the nameplate.

Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

3.2 - Checks prior to first use

Electrical checks



Under no circumstances should an alternator, new or otherwise, be operated if the insulation is less than 1 megohm for the stator and 100,000 ohms for the other windings.

There are 2 possible methods for restoring the above minimum values.

- a) Dry out the machine for 24 hours in a drying oven at a temperature of 110 °C (without the regulator).
- b) Blow hot air into the air intake, having made sure that the machine is rotating with the exciter field disconnected.

Note: Prolonged standstill

In order to avoid these problems, we recommend the use of space heaters, as well as turning over the machine from time to time. Space heaters are only really effective if they are working continuously while the machine is stopped.

WARNING

Ensure that the alternator has the degree of protection matching the defined environmental conditions.



When the alternator's power output is ensured directly through cables, these must be connected before start-up.

Mechanical checks

Before starting the machine for the first time, check that:

- all fixing bolts are tight,
- the length of bolt and the tightening torque are correct.
- the cooling air is drawn in freely,
- the protective grills and housing are correctly in place,

- the standard direction of rotation is clockwise as seen from the drive end (phase rotation in order 1 - 2 - 3).

For anti-clockwise rotation, swap 2 and 3.

- the winding connection corresponds to the site operating voltage (see section 3.3).

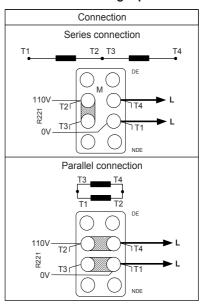
3.3 - Terminal connection diagrams

To modify the connection, change the position of the stator cables on the terminals. The winding code is specified on the nameplate.

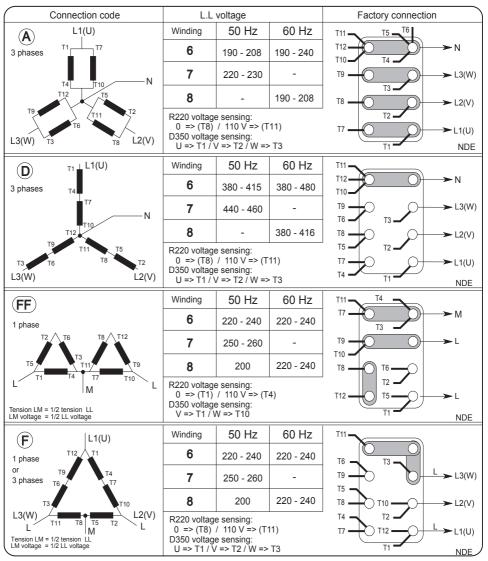


Any intervention on the alternator terminals during reconnection or checks should be performed with the machine stopped. In no case should the internal connections in the terminal box be subjected to stresses due to cables connected by the user.

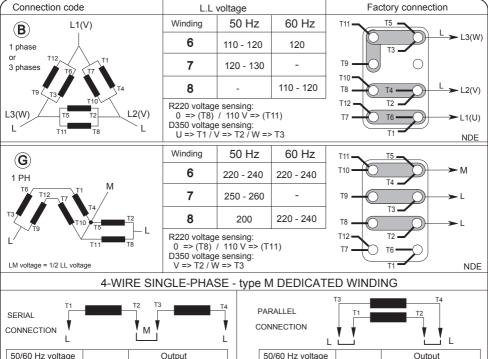
• SHUNT dedicated single-phase 4-wire



SHUNT or AREP three-phase 12-wire

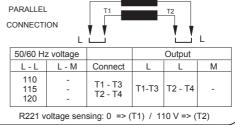


• SHUNT or AREP three-phase 12-wire

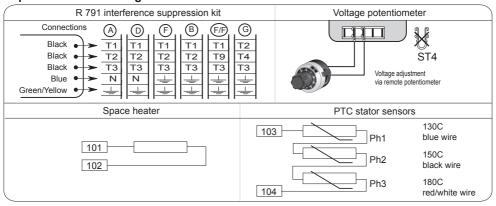


50/60 Hz voltage Output L - M Connect M L-L 220 110 T2 - T3 T1 230 115 T₄ T2 - T3 240 120

R221 voltage sensing: 0 => (T1) / 110 V => (T2)



Option connection diagram



Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

Connection checks



Electrical installations must comply with the current legislation in force in the country of use.

Check that:

- The residual circuit-breaker conforms to legislation on protection of personnel, in force in the country of use, and has been correctly installed on the alternator power output as close as possible to the alternator. (In this case, disconnect the wire of the interference suppression module linking the neutral).
- Any protection devices in place have not been tripped.
- If there is an external AVR, the connections between the alternator and the cabinet are made in accordance with the connection diagram.
- There is no short-circuit phase-phase or phase-neutral between the alternator output terminals and the generator set control cabinet (part of the circuit not protected by circuitbreakers or relays in the cabinet).
- The machine should be connected with the busbar separating the terminals as shown in the terminal connection diagram.



- The alternator earth terminal inside the terminal box is connected to the electrical earth circuit
- The earth terminal is connected to the frame.

The connections inside the terminal box must never be subjected to stress due to cables connected by the user.



Diameter	M6	M8	M10	M12
Torque	4 Nm	10 Nm	20 Nm	35 Nm
Tolerance	± 15%			

3.4 - Commissioning



The machine can only be started up and used if the installation is in accordance with the regulations and instructions defined in this manual.

The machine is tested and set up at the factory. When first used with no load, make sure that the drive speed is correct and stable (see the nameplate).

On application of the load, the machine should achieve its rated speed and voltage; however, in the event of abnormal operation, the machine setting can be altered (follow the adjustment procedure in section 3.5). If the machine still operates incorrectly, the cause of the malfunction must be located (see section 4.5).

3.5 - Setting up



The various adjustments during tests must be made by a qualified engineer. Ensure that the drive speed specified on

the nameplate is reached before commencing adjustment.

After operational testing, replace all access panels or covers.

The AVR is used to make any adjustments to the machine.

Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

4 - SERVICING - MAINTENANCE

4.1 - Safety measures

Servicing or troubleshooting must be carried out strictly in accordance with instructions so as to avoid the risk of accidents and to maintain the machine in its original state.



All such operations performed on the alternator should be undertaken by personnel trained in the commissioning, servicing and maintenance of electrical and mechanical components, who must wear personal protective equipment appropriate for mechanical and electrical hazards.

Before any intervention on the machine, ensure that it cannot be started by a manual or automatic system and that you have understood the operating principles of the system.



Warning: During and after running, the alternator will reach temperatures hot enough to cause injury, such as burns.

4.2 - Routine maintenance

Checks after start-up

After approximately 20 hours of operation, check that all fixing bolts on the machine are still tight, plus the general state of the machine and the various electrical connections in the installation.

Electrical servicing

Commercially-available volatile degreasing agents can be used.

WARNING

Do not use: trichlorethylene, perchlorethylene, trichloroethane or any alkaline products.

These operations must be performed at a cleaning station, equipped with a vacuum system that collects and flushes out the products used.

The insulating components and the impregnation system are not at risk of damage from solvents. Avoid letting the cleaning product run into the slots.

Apply the product with a brush, sponging frequently to avoid accumulation in the housing. Dry the winding with a dry cloth. Let any traces evaporate before reassembling the machine.

Mechanical servicing

(WARNING)

Cleaning the machine using water or a highpressure washer is strictly prohibited. Any problems arising from such treatment are not covered by our warranty.

Degreasing: Use a brush and detergent (suitable for paintwork).

Dusting: Use an air gun.

If the machine is fitted with air inlet and outlet filters, the maintenance personnel should clean them routinely at regular intervals. In the case of dry dust, the filter can be cleaned using compressed air and/or replaced if it is clogged.

After cleaning the alternator, it is essential to check the winding insulation (see sections 3.2 and 4.5).

Electric Power Generation	Installation and maintenance	4455 en - 2018.11 / m
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4.3 - Bearings

The bearings are permanently greased	Approximate life of the grease (depending on use) = 20,000 hours or 3 years.
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4.4 - Mechanical defects

Fault		Action
Bearing	Excessive overheating of one or both bearings (bearing temperature 80°C above the ambient temperature)	black, change the bearing.
Abnormal alternator frame (more than recycled from the alternator or engine		- Alternator operating at too high a voltage (>105% of Un on load)
Vibrations	Too much vibration	- Misalignment (coupling) - Defective mounting or play in coupling - Rotor balancing fault (Engine - Alternator)
	Excessive vibration and humming noise coming from the machine	- Phase imbalance - Stator short-circuit
Abnormal noise	Alternator damaged by a significant impact, followed by humming and vibration	- System short-circuit - Misparalleling Possible consequences - Broken or damaged coupling - Broken or bent shaft end - Shifting and short-circuit of main field - Fan fractured or coming loose on shaft - Irreparable damage to rotating diodes/AVR, surge suppressor

4.5 - Electrical faults

Fault	Action	Effect	Check/Cause	
	Connect a new	The alternator builds up and its voltage is still correct when the battery is removed	- Lack of residual magnetism	
No volt- age at no load on start-up	battery of 4 to 12 volts to termi- nals E- and E+, respecting the	The alternator builds up but its voltage does not reach the rated value when the battery is removed	Check the connection of the voltage reference to the AVR Faulty diode Armature short-circuit	
	polarity, for 2 to 3 seconds	The alternator builds up but its voltage disappears when the battery is removed	- Faulty AVR	
Voltage too low	Check the drive	Correct speed	Check the AVR connections (possible AVR failure) - Field windings short-circuited - Rotating diodes burnt out - Main field winding short-circuited - Check the resistance	
	ороод	Speed too low	Increase the drive speed (do not touch the AVR voltage pot. (P2) before running at the correct speed)	
Voltage too high	Adjust AVR voltage potentiometer	Adjustment ineffective	Faulty AVR	
Voltage oscilla- tions	Adjust AVR stability potentiometer	If no effect : try normal / fast recovery modes (ST2)	Check the speed : possibility of cyclic irregularity Loose connections Faulty AVR Speed too low when on load (or LAM set too high)	
Voltage correct	Run at no load	Voltage between E+ and E- SHUNT < 6V - AREP < 10V	- Check the speed (or LAM set too high)	
at no load and too low when on load (*)	and check the voltage between	Voltage between E+ and E- SHUNT > 10V - AREP > 15V	- Faulty rotating diodes - Short-circuit in the main field. Check the resistance Faulty exciter armature. Check the resistance.	
(*) Warning: During single-phase operation, check that the sensing wires from the AVR are connected to the correct output terminals.				
Voltage disap- pears during operation	Check the AVR, the surge suppressor, the rotating diodes, and replace any defective components	The voltage does not return to the rated value	- Exciter winding open circuit - Faulty exciter armature - Faulty AVR - Main field open circuit or short-circuited	

Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

· Checking the winding

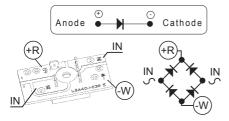
You can check the winding insulation by performing a high voltage test. In this case, you must disconnect all AVR wires.

WARNING

Damage caused to the AVR in such conditions is not covered by our warranty.

· Checking the diode bridge

A diode in good working order should allow the current to flow only in the anode-tocathode direction.



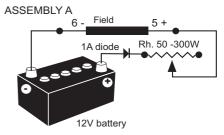
 Checking the windings and rotating diodes using separate excitation



During this procedure, make sure that the alternator is disconnected from any external load and inspect the terminal box to check that the connections are fully tightened.

- 1) Stop the unit, disconnect and isolate the AVR wires.
- 2) There are two ways of creating an assembly with separate excitation.

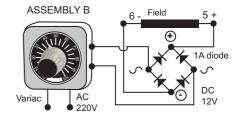
Assembly A: Connect a 12 V battery in series with a rheostat of approximately 50 ohms - 300 W and a diode on both exciter field wires (5+) and (6-).



Assembly B: Connect a "Variac" variable power supply and a diode bridge on both exciter field wires (5+) and (6-).

Both these systems should have characteristics which are compatible with the field excitation power of the machine (see the nameplate).

- 3) Run the unit at its rated speed.
- 4) Gradually increase the exciter field current by adjusting the rheostat or the variac and measure the output voltages on L1-L2-L3, checking the excitation voltage and current at no load (see the machine nameplate or ask for the factory test report). When the output voltage is at its rated value and balanced within 1% for the rated excitation level, the machine is in good working order. The fault therefore comes from the AVR or its associated wiring (ie. sensing, auxiliary windings).



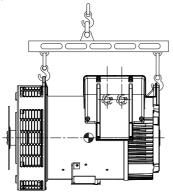
Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

4.6 - Dismantling, reassembly



During the warranty period, this operation should only be carried out in an approved workshop or in our factory, otherwise the warranty may be invalidated.

Whilst being handled, the machine should remain horizontal (rotor not locked in position). Check how much the alternator weighs before choosing the lifting method.



Tools required

To fully dismantle the machine, we recommend using the tools listed below:

- 1 ratchet spanner + extension
- 1 torque wrench
- 1 set of flat spanners: 8 mm, 10 mm, 12 mm
- 1 socket set: 8, 10, 13 mm
- 1 socket TORX bit T20, T30
- 1 puller (eg. Facom: U35, U32/350)

Bolt tightening torque

See section 5.3.



The bolts for fixing the feet on the housing and immobilising the stator must not be removed (bolt of the stator lower).

Access to connections and the regulation system

The terminals and AVR are accessed directly by removing the terminal box lid (41).

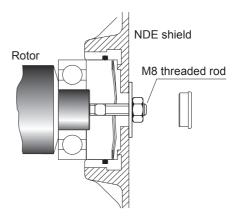
Accessing, checking and replacing the diode bridge

Dismantling

- Remove the terminal box lid [41].
- Cut the fixing clamps of the exciter cables, disconnect E+. E- from the exciter.
- Remove the 4 nuts on the tie rods.
- Remove the NDE shield [36] using a puller: eg. U.32 350 (Facom).
- Unsolder the connections.
- Check the bridge using an ohmmeter or a battery lamp.

Reassembly

- Replace the bridges, respecting the polarity.
- Resolder the connections.
- Fit a new O ring seal in the shield.
- Refit the NDE shield and pass the bundle of wires between the top bars of the shield.
- Replace the fixing clamps on the cables.
- Replace the terminal box lid [48].

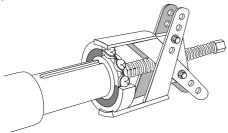


Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

Replacing the NDE bearing on singlebearing machines

Dismantling

- Remove the NDE shield [36].
- Remove the ball bearing [70] using a bolt puller.



Reassembly

- Heat the inner slipring of a new bearing by induction or in a drying oven at 80 °C (do not use an oil bath) and fit it to the alternator.
- Place the preloading wavy washer [79] in the flange and fit a new O ring seal [349].
- Replace the NDE bracket [36].

Replacing the bearings on a twobearing alternator

Dismantling

- Uncouple the alternator from the prime mover.
- Remove the 8 assembly bolts.
- Remove the DE flange [30].
- Remove the NDE bracket.
- Remove both bearings [60] and [70] using a puller.

Reassembly

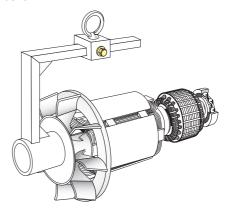
- Fit new bearings after heating them by induction or in a drying oven at 80 °C (do not use an oil bath).
- Check that both the preloading wavy washer [79] and new O ring seal have been fitted [349] on the NDE bracket [36].
- Replace the DE flange [30], and tighten the 8 fixing bolts.
- Check that the whole alternator is correctly assembled and that all bolts are fully tightened.

Accessing the main field and stator

Dismantling

Follow the procedure for dismantling bearings.

- Remove the coupling discs (single-bearing alternator) or the DE flange (two-bearing alternator) and insert a tube of the corresponding diameter on the shaft end or a support made according the following bellow.



- Rest the rotor on one of its poles, then slide it out. Use the tube as a lever arm to assist dismantling.
- -After extraction, be careful with the fan. It is necessary to replace the fan in case of disassembling.
- After extracting the rotor, be careful not to damage the fan and place the revolving field on special V-blocks.

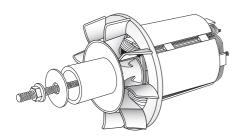
NOTE: If intervention is required on the main field (rewinding, replacement of components), the rotor assembly must be rebalanced.

Reassembly

- Follow the dismantling procedure in reverse order.

Take care not to knock the windings when refitting the rotor in the stator.

If you replace the fan, respect the assembly guide according the following bellow. Use a tube and a bolt.



Follow the procedure for reassembling the bearings.

4.7 - Table of characteristics

Table of average values:

Alternator - 4 pole - 50 Hz/60 Hz - Winding no. 6 and M connected in dedicated single-phase (400 V for the excitation values).

The voltage and current values are given for no-load operation and operation at rated load with separate field excitation. All values are given to ± 10% (for exact values, consult the test report) and are subject to change without prior warning.

• Three-phase: 4-pole, SHUNT excitation Resistances at 20 °C (Ω)

Туре	L/N stator	Rotor	Field coil	Armature
VS1	0.66	3	12.5	1.40
VS2	0.48	3.3	12.5	1.40
S3	0.41	3.5	12.5	1.40
S4	0.35	3.8	12.5	1.40
M5	0.28	4.3	12.5	1.40

Field excitation current i exc (A) 400V - 50 Hz

"i exc": excitation current of the exciter field

Туре	ype No load At rated load	
VS1	S1 0.9 2.1	
VS2	0.8	2.1
S3	0.8	2.2
S4	0.8	2.2
M5	0.8	2.1

For 60 Hz operation, the resistance values are the same and the excitation current "i exc" is approximately 5 to 10% weaker.

• Three-phase: 4-pole, AREP excitation Resistances at 20 °C (Ω)

Туре	L/N stator	Rotor	Field coil	Armature
VS1	0.66	3	6.6	1.4
VS2	0.48	3.3	6.6	1.4
S3	0.41	3.5	6.6	1.4
S4	0.35	3.8	6.6	1.4
M5	0.28	4.3	6.6	1.4

Resistance of auxiliary windings at 20 °C (Ω)

Type X1, X2 auxil. wdgs		Z1, Z2 auxil. wdgs	
VS1 0.45		0.38	
VS2	0.36	0.31	
S3	0.38	0.33	
S4	0.34	0.36	
M5	0.32	0.33	

Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

Field excitation current i exc (A) 400V - 50 Hz

"i exc": excitation current of the exciter field

Туре	No load	At rated load
VS1 1.2 3		3.2
VS2	1.1	3.2
S3	1.1	3.2
S4	1.1	3.1
M5	1.1	3

For 60 Hz operation, the resistance values are the same and the excitation current "i exc" is approximately 5 to 10% weaker.

• Dedicated single-phase: 4-pole, SHUNT excitation

Resistances at 20 °C (Ω)

			-	
Туре	L/N stator	Rotor	Field coil	Armature
VS1	0.3	3	12.5	1.4
VS2	0.22	3.3	12.5	1.4
S3	0.19	3.5	12.5	1.4
S4	0.16	3.8	12.5	1.4
M5	0.13	4.3	12.5	1.4

Field excitation current i exc (A) 230V - 50 Hz

"i exc": excitation current of the exciter field

Туре	No load	At rated load		
VS1	1.2	3.2		
VS2	1.1	3.2		
S3	1.1	3.2		
S4	1.1	3.1		
M5	1.1	3		

For 60 Hz operation, the resistance values are the same and the excitation current "i exc" is approximately 5 to 10% weaker.

Table of weights

(values given for information only)

Туре	Total weight (kg)	Rotor (kg)		
VS1	85	30		
VS2	90	30		
S3	100	35		
S4	105	35		
M5	110	40		



After operational testing, it is essential to replace all access panels or covers.

Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

5 - SPARE PARTS

5.1 - First maintenance parts

Emergency repair kits are available as an option.

They contain the following items:

Emergency kit SHUNT	ALT 040 KS 001			
AVR R220	-			
Diode bridge assembly	-			
Surge suppressor	-			
Emergency kit AREP	5155832			
AVR D350	-			
Diode bridge assembly	-			
Surge suppressor	-			
AVR fuse	-			
Single-bearing kit	ALT 422 KB 002			
Non drive end bearing	-			
«O» ring	-			
Preloading (wavy) washer	-			
Double-bearing kit	ALT 422 KB 001			
Non drive end bearing	-			
Drive end bearing	-			
Orive end bearing «O» ring	-			

5.2 - Technical support service

Our technical support service will be pleased to provide any additional information you may require.

For all spare parts orders or technical support requests, send your request to service.epg@leroy-somer.com or your closest contact, whom you will find at www.lrsm.co/support indicating the complete type of machine, its number and the information indicated on the nameplate.

Part numbers should be identified from the exploded views and their description from the parts list.

To ensure that our products operate correctly and safely, we recommend the use of original manufacturer spare parts.

In the event of failure to comply with this advice, the manufacturer cannot be held responsible for any damage.

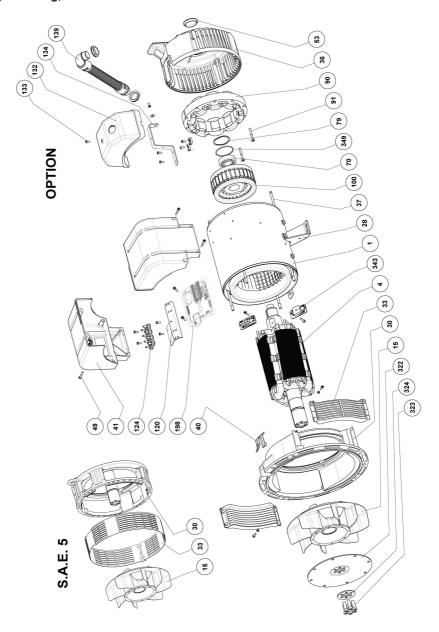


After operational testing, it is essential to replace all access panels or covers.

Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

5.3 - Exploded view, parts list and tightening torque

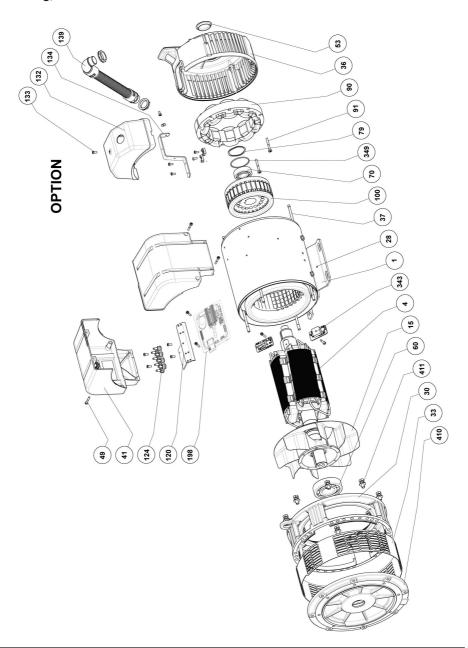
• Single bearing, AREP or SHUNT



Electric Power Generation

LSA 40 Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

• Two-bearing, AREP or SHUNT



Ref.	Qty	Description	Bolt Ø	Torque N.m	Ref.	Qty	Description	Bolt Ø	Torque N.m
1	1	Stator assembly	-	-	91	4	Field fixing bolts	M6	10
4	1	Rotor assembly	-	-	100	1	Exciter armature	-	-
15	1	Fan	M5	4	120	1	Terminal block support	-	-
28	1	Earth terminal	-	-	124	1	Terminal block	-	-
30	1	Drive end (DE) flange	-	-	132	1	Cover (option)	-	-
33	1	Air outlet grill	M5	4	133	1	Fastening bolt (option)	M5	3.6
36	1	Non drive end (NDE) bracket	-	-	134	1	Support tab (option)	-	
37	4	Tie rod	M8	20	139	1	Wire shield tube (option)	-	
40	1	Plastic cap	-	-	198	1	Voltage regulator (AVR)	M5	6
41	2	Terminal box lid	-	-	322	1	Coupling disc	-	-
49	4	Cover bolt	M5	3.6	323	6	Fixing bolts	M10	66
53	1	Plug	-	-	324	1	Clamping washer	-	-
60	1	Drive end (DE) bearing	-	-	343	2	Direct diode assembly	M5	4
70	1	Non drive end (NDE) bearing	-	-	349	1	O ring seal	-	-
79	1	Preloading wavy washer	-	-	410	1	Drive end (DE) shield	-	-
90	1	Wound exciter field	-	-	411	8	Fixing bolts	M10	40

Disposal and recycling instructions

We are committed to limiting the environmental impact of our activity. We continuously monitor our production processes, material sourcing and product design to improve recyclability and minimise our environmental footprint.

These instructions are for information purposes only. It is the user's responsibility to comply with local legislation regarding product disposal and recycling.

Recyclable materials

Our alternators are mainly constructed from iron, steel and copper materials, which can be reclaimed for recycling purposes.

These materials can be reclaimed through a combination of manual dismantling, mechanical separation and melting processes. Our technical support department can provide detailed directions on how to dismantle products on request.

Waste & hazardous materials

The following components and materials require special treatment and must be separated from the alternator before the recycling process:

- electronic materials found in the terminal box, including the automatic voltage regulator (198), current transformers (176), interference suppression module (199) and other semi-conductors.
- diode bridge (343) and surge suppressor (347), found on the alternator rotor.
- major plastic components, such as the terminal box structure on some products. These components are usually marked with information concerning the type of plastic.

All materials listed above need special treatment to separate waste from reclaimable materials and should be entrusted to specialist recycling companies.

The oil and grease from the lubrication system should be treated as hazardous waste and must be treated in accordance with local legislation.

Low Voltage Alternators - 4 pole

Declaration of EC compliance and incorporation

This Declaration applies to the generators designed to be incorporated into machines complying with the Machinery Directive Nr 2006/42/EC dated 17 May 2006.

MOTEURS LEROY-SOMER Boulevard Marcellin Leroy 16015 ANGOULEME FRANCE

SLADKOVSKEHO 43 772 04 OLOMOUC CZECH REPUBLIC

1, rue de la Burelle Boite Postale 1517 45800 ST JEAN DE BRAYE 4000641 CLUJ NAPOCA **FRANCE**

MLS HOLICE STLO.SRO MOTEURS LEROY-SOMER DIVISION LEROY-SOMER STREET EMERSON Nr4 Parcul Industrial Tetarom 2 ROMANIA

Declares hereby that the electric generators of the types:

LSA40, LSA42.3, LSA44.2, LSA44.3, LSA46.2, LSA46.3, LSA47.2, LSA49.1, LSA49.3, LSA50.1, LSA50.2, LSA51.2, LSA52.2, LSA52.3, LSA53.1, LSA53, LSA53.2, LSA54, LSA54.2, TAL040, TAL042, TAL044, TAL046, TAL047, TAL049, as well as their derivatives, manufactured by Leroy-Somer or on Leroy-Somer's behalf, comply with the following International Standards and Directive:

- EN and IEC 60034-1, 60034-5 and 60034-22
- ISO 8528-3 "Reciprocating internal combustion engine driven alternating current generating sets.
- Part 3. Alternating current generators for generating sets"
- Low Voltage Directive Nr 2014/35/UE dated 26 February 2014

Furthermore, these generators, designed in compliance with the Machine Directive Nr 2006/42, are therefore able to be incorporated into Electrical Gen-Sets complying with the following International Directives:

- Machinery Directive Nr 2006/42/EC dated 17 May 2006
- EMC Directive Nr 2014/30/UE dated 26 February 2014, as intrinsic levels of emissions and immunity are concerned

WARNING:

The here mentioned generators should not be commissioned until the corresponding Gen-Sets have been declared in compliance with the Directives Nr 2006/42/EC and 2014/30/UE, as well as with the other relevant Directives.

Leroy-Somer undertakes to transmit, in response to a reasoned request by the national authorities, relevant information on the generator.

> **Technical Managers** J.P. CHARPENTIER Y. MESSIN

> > 4152 en - 2017.05 / m

The contractual EC Declaration of Conformity and Incorporation can be obtained from your contact on request.

Service & Support

Our worldwide service network of over 80 facilities is at your service.

This local presence is our guarantee for fast and efficient repair, support and maintenance services.

Trust your alternator maintenance and support to electric power generation experts. Our field personnel are 100% qualified and fully trained to operate in all environments and on all machine types.

We have a deep understanding of alternator operation, providing the best value service to optimise your cost of ownership.



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Scan the code or go to:

www.lrsm.co/support

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